Political Science

Social Sciences

Requirements

Science offers students a vibrant and challenging approach to the study of politics that focuses on analyzing current issues and debating the most profound and enduring issues of public life. The major combines a study of ancient and modern political philosophy with analyses of American politics, comparative politics, and international relations. The department pursues three basic objectives in its curriculum: to explore the nature of politics—its purposes, limitations, and significance in human life; to promote an understanding of various forms of political systems and of relations among them; and to develop a capacity for intelligent analysis and evaluation of public policies and a sensitive awareness of opposing points of view in the political debates of our time.

Throughout the program, the emphasis is on the fundamental ideas concerning human nature, justice, and the purposes of government. Course readings present students with differing points of view. Students are encouraged to participate in discussion and debate of controversial questions.

New Students

The Department of Political Science offers several introductory courses for diversification. We especially recommend PSCI 101Y-102Y. It is the only political science course designed expressly for first-year students. Although PSCI 101Y-102Y is not required for a major in political science, we strongly recommend it as an introduction to the department’s program. This course is broad in scope and is designed to provide an effective introduction to college work in the humanities and social sciences generally. If you wish to take a political science course for diversification as a sophomore or above, we call your attention to the introductory courses offered in each of our subfields: PSCI 200, PSCI 220, 221, PSCI 240, and PSCI 260. In the spring semester, first-year students who are taking Quest for Justice may register for one of the department’s required 200-level foundation courses in American politics, comparative politics, and international relations.

Students who are interested in political science and wish to study abroad during their junior year are especially encouraged to take PSCI 240 and PSCI 260 before going abroad.

The Curriculum

Quest for Justice, PSCI 101Y-102Y
This year-long course is taught as a first-year seminar, with class size kept, as much as possible, to a maximum of eighteen students. We offer seven sections of the course, all with common readings. Sessions are conducted through discussion, thereby helping students overcome any reservations they may have about their capacity to make the transition from high school to college work.
The course, which emphasizes the development of reading, writing, and speaking skills, is an introduction to the serious discussion of the most important questions concerning political relations and human well-being. These are controversial issues that in the contemporary world take the form of debates about multiculturalism, diversity, separatism, gender equality, and the like; but, as students will discover here, these are issues rooted in perennial questions about justice. In the informal atmosphere of the seminar, students get to know one another well and debate often continues outside of class.

So that students may prepare adequately for each class, assignments from the common syllabus tend to be short. The course is designed to develop analytical skills through careful reading and effective discussion. Six to eight brief analytical papers are assigned and carefully graded (for grammar and style as well as intellectual content). Instructors discuss the papers individually with students. Thus, this is also a "writing course" as well as one devoted to thinking and discussion.

The papers typically account for 60 percent of the course grade, with the remainder dependent on class participation and the final examination. On the first day of class of each term, every student receives a syllabus listing the assignments by date, due dates of the short papers, examination dates, and all other information that will enable the student to know what is expected in the course and when.

**Introductory Subfield Courses**

The following courses are particularly recommended to sophomores, juniors, and seniors new to the political science curriculum.

**I. American Politics**

PSCI 200 Liberal Democracy in America

This introductory American politics course begins with a study of the American founding, including readings from the *Federalist Papers*. We then study each of the major institutions of our political system: the presidency, bureaucracy, Congress, Supreme Court, political parties and elections, and other topics. The course concludes with a broad overview of the character of liberal democracy, through a reading of de Tocqueville's *Democracy in America*.

**II. Political Philosophy**

PSCI 220 History of Political Philosophy: The Classical Quest for Justice
PSCI 221 History of Political Philosophy: The Modern Quest for Justice

These courses form our introductory sequence for the field of political philosophy. The sequence is taught every year, with two sections offered each semester; each section averages twenty-five to thirty students. The classes are taught with lectures and discussions. The first semester concentrates on Plato and Aristotle. We read Platonic dialogues such as the *Apology*, *Crito*, and the *Republic*, and Aristotle's *Politics* and *Ethics*.

The second semester examines and evaluates the revolutionary challenge to classical and medieval political philosophy posed by such writers as Machiavelli in *The Prince* and *Discourses*, Hobbes in *The Leviathan*, Locke in the *Second Treatise*, and Rousseau in the *Social Contract* and *Discourses*. In order to
compare and evaluate critically the philosophic views that have shaped our own political and psychological opinions, these classes emphasize careful reading of the texts.

III. Comparative Politics
PSCI 240 Modern Democracies

This course explores the practice of democracy in contemporary Western liberal democracies, the breakdown of democracy, and the challenges of implanting democracy in non-Western settings. This course is taught in a lecture-and-discussion format, with sections averaging twenty-five students.

IV. International Relations
PSCI 260 International Relations

This course provides an introduction to the study of international relations. It focuses on three central themes: (1) contending theories of international relations, (2) the rise of the modern international system, and (3) recent developments in the international arena.

Requirements for the Major

Students majoring in political science must complete 5 units in the subject, including PSCI 220 and 221; 240; 260; and 1 unit of work in American politics. The American politics unit consists of PSCI 200 and any semester course numbered from 300 through 315. Every major must also take .5 unit of work in either comparative politics or international relations beyond the introductory courses in those subfields, and at least one political science seminar, each of which is limited to fifteen students. The introductory course in political science, PSCI 101Y-102Y, is designed for first-year students and is recommended for all students considering a major in political science. Though not required, this course does count toward the major.

There are a number of upperclass electives open to students without any prerequisites, but we encourage students seeking an exposure to political science to begin with the core courses of our curriculum: PSCI 101Y-102Y; 200; 220 and 221; 240; and 260.

Senior Exercise

The Senior Exercise in political science is a five-hour comprehensive examination scheduled for the Saturday one week before spring break. The exam is divided into two parts, in each of which students answer one two-and-one-half-hour question that cuts across subfields and requires integration and application of knowledge learned in various courses. In one part, the questions will focus more on political theory and, to a lesser extent, American politics. In the other, the questions will focus more on comparative, American, and international politics.

Honors

The Honors Program in political science is designed to recognize and encourage exceptional scholarship in the discipline and to allow able students to do more independent work in the subject than is otherwise permitted. Honors candidates are required to have a minimum grade point average of 3.5 or above and
are admitted into the program based on an oral examination conducted by faculty members. Political science majors who are considering honors are encouraged (but not required) to enroll in PSCI 397 Junior Honors during their junior year.

Courses

PSCI 101Y QUEST FOR JUSTICE

*Credit: 0.5*

This course explores the relationship between the individual and society as exemplified in the writings of political philosophers, statesmen, novelists, and contemporary political writers. Questions about law, political obligation, freedom, equality, and justice and human nature are examined and illustrated. The course looks at different kinds of societies such as the ancient city, modern democracy, and totalitarianism, and confronts contemporary issues such as race, culture, and gender. The readings present diverse viewpoints and the sessions are conducted by discussion. The course is designed primarily for first-year students. Offered every year.

Instructor: Staff

PSCI 102Y QUEST FOR JUSTICE

*Credit: 0.5*

See description for PSCI 101Y.

Instructor: Staff

PSCI 200D LIBERAL DEMOCRACY IN AMERICA

*Credit: 0.5*

The course explores the guiding principles, major institutions, and national politics of the American political system. The Founders' view of liberal democracy and of the three branches of our government (presented in the *Federalist Papers*) will provide the basis for consideration of the modern Supreme Court, presidency, bureaucracy, Congress, news media, and political parties and elections. The course concludes with Tocqueville's broad overview of American democracy and its efforts to reconcile liberty and equality. The themes of the course will be illustrated by references to current political issues, events, and personalities. Prerequisite: sophomore standing or PSCI 101Y. Offered every year. This course is the same as AMST 200D in the American studies curriculum.

Instructor: Staff
PSCI 220 CLASSICAL QUEST FOR JUSTICE

Credit: 0.5

This course introduces students to classical political philosophy through an analysis of Plato's *Apology* and *Republic* and Aristotle's *Ethics* and *Politics*. The course addresses enduring questions about the community, the individual, happiness, and justice. Other themes to be discussed include the ideal political order, the character of virtue or human excellence, the relationship between politics and other aspects of human life (such as economics, the family, and friendship), the political responsibility for education, and philosophy as a way of life. Prerequisite: sophomore standing. Offered every year.

Instructor: D. Leibowitz

PSCI 221 MODERN QUEST FOR JUSTICE

Credit: 0.5

This course examines and evaluates the world revolutionary challenge to classical political philosophy posed by such writers as Machiavelli in his *Prince* and *Discourses*, Hobbes in the *Leviathan*, and political writings of Locke, Rousseau, and Nietzsche. We will consider the differing views of these authors about how best to construct healthy and successful political societies; the role of ethics in domestic and foreign policy; the proper relations between politics and religion, and between the individual and the community; the nature of our rights and the origin of our duties; and the meaning of human freedom and the nature of human equality. Prerequisite: sophomore standing. Offered every year.

Instructor: Staff

PSCI 240 MODERN DEMOCRACIES

Credit: 0.5

Representative democracy came to be the most common form of government in Europe and the Americas in the twentieth century, and in the last half of the century it became increasingly popular among the peoples of the rest of the world. Representative democracy takes many forms and confronts many constraints in its implementation. This course will explore the institutional variety of representative democracy, the causes of political stability and instability in democratic regimes, and the possibility of successful creation of democratic regimes in countries in which the political culture has not traditionally supported democracy. Case studies may include Great Britain, Germany, Japan, Russia, Brazil, and Mexico. Prerequisite: sophomore standing or PSCI 101Y. Offered every year.

Instructor: Staff
PSCI 260 INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

Credit: 0.5

This course is an introduction to the study of international relations. It first provides students with the analytical tools and concepts necessary to understand and explain the interactions of states and other actors in the international system. It then explores some of the most pressing political problems and challenges in the modern international system. The course will discuss issues such as the importance of power in the international system, the origins of war and peace, the challenges of the new global economy, security and terrorism, and the implications of these trends for the twenty-first century. Prerequisite: sophomore standing or PSCI 101Y. Offered every year.

Instructor: Rowe

PSCI 261 AMERICA AND THE WORLD IN THE TWENTY-FIRST CENTURY

Credit: 0.5

This course explores the U.S. role in world politics at the beginning of the twenty-first century. Not only does the United States face a number of new challenges—from building democracy in the Middle East, to defending against catastrophic terrorism, to managing globalization—but many of the institutions and alliances that previously served U.S. interests and structured world order have come under increasing stress from U.S. actions. We will explore topics such as whether the United States should pursue a more multilateral or unilateral foreign policy, American relations with key allies, and how to manage the most important challenges of the twenty-first century. Prerequisite: sophomore standing or permission of instructor.

Instructor: Rowe

PSCI 280 POLITICAL ANALYSIS

Credit: 0.5 QR

Political scientists increasingly employ quantitative tools to analyze politics. In this course students will be introduced to the fundamentals of quantitative political analysis. The core of the course will be devoted to the basic linear regression model and its variants, which are used widely in political science research. We will also cover hypothesis formation and hypothesis testing, basic descriptive statistics, and the presentation via tables and charts of the findings of quantitative analysis. To better situate quantitative analysis within the discipline, we will also introduce qualitative methods and discuss research design. Prerequisite: sophomore standing.

Instructor: Erler
PSCI 300 CONGRESS AND PUBLIC POLICYMAKING

Credit: 0.5

Does the U.S. Congress possess the capacity for independent and effective law-making, budgeting, and oversight of the executive? To what extent has Congress ceded policymaking responsibility to the president? How does Congressional performance vary across policy areas and what accounts for these variations? How have recent reforms affected Congressional performance? This course explores these questions by examining the historical development and contemporary performance of the U.S. Congress. We will analyze the factors that influence the policymaking process, including the electoral setting in which legislators operate, the relationship of Congress to interest groups, and the party and committee systems within the institution. We will also analyze the performance of Congress in several policy areas. This course can be used to complete the requirement in American politics for political science majors. Prerequisite: sophomore standing. Offered every two years.

Instructor: Camera-Rowe

PSCI 301 THE AMERICAN PRESIDENCY

Credit: 0.5

This course explores different views of the presidency and the nature of presidential leadership. The Founders' view will be compared with developments since Franklin Roosevelt, including the imperial and post-imperial presidencies. A central concern will be understanding the constitutional powers of and restraints on the modern president. We will study presidential selection, the president's relations with other parts of the government, and the president's role in domestic and foreign policy making. The course concludes with a study of presidential leadership and of the proper ends and means by which to exercise political power, with particular attention to the presidencies of George H. W. Bush, Bill Clinton, George W. Bush, and Barack Obama. This course can be used to complete the requirement in American politics for political science majors. Prerequisite: sophomore standing. Offered every two years.

Instructor: Erler

PSCI 303 ELECTIONS AND POLITICAL PARTIES

Credit: 0.5

This course examines the influence American citizens have on their government through political parties and elections. Major topics include the character of American parties; the political behavior and beliefs of citizens, especially as voters; recent history of the party system and elections; election campaigning; the role of the news media in elections; the impact of public opinion and elections on government policies; the future of the party system; and an evaluation of the party and electoral systems from the perspective of democratic theory. We pay special attention to current presidential and congressional elections. This course can be used to complete the requirement in American politics for political science majors. Prerequisite: sophomore standing. Offered every four years.
PSCI 304 NEWS MEDIA AND AMERICAN POLITICS

Credit: 0.5

How is American democracy shaped by the constantly evolving relationships among politicians, journalists, and citizens? What is news? How do journalists define their job? Is the news more a medium which allows politicians to manipulate the public, or is it the media that shapes public opinion? Or is it possible that the audience influences the news as much as it is influenced by it? The conflict between the media and the government is analyzed in terms of the constitutional rights of a free press and a political battle between an adversarial or biased press and a government of manipulating politicians. Current news serves as a testing ground for the ideas advanced by scholars, journalists, and politicians. This course can be used to complete the requirement in American politics for political science majors. Prerequisite: sophomore standing. Offered every other year.

Instructor: Elliott

PSCI 309 AMERICAN POLITICAL HISTORY

Credit: 0.5

This course covers Hoover, F.D.R., farmers, city people, agrarian conservatives, labor, the unemployed, politicians, demagogues, free market vs. national planning, wartime mobilization and alliances, and much more. Among other themes, this course will analyze the development of modern liberalism, the modern party system, and the modern presidency. Additionally, it will assess social, cultural, and intellectual currents of the World War II era. Course materials will include biographies, novels, film, and historical studies. Prerequisite: sophomore standing and two semesters of American history or political science or permission of instructor.

Instructor: Staff

PSCI 310 PUBLIC POLICY

Credit: 0.5

This course studies various views of the policymaking process in our national government and considers the different stages of policymaking, including how problems are defined, how new proposals emerge, and how certain solutions make it onto the national agenda and are debated before adoption, altered during implementation, and subsequently evaluated. We will also consider the role of politicians, experts, and bureaucrats in policymaking, study why specific policies were adopted, and debate whether these were the best possible policies. This course will analyze the policymaking process through case studies such as welfare reform, education, and national health insurance. This course is one of the required foundation courses for the Public Policy Concentration and is also open to other upperclass students. This course can
be used to complete the requirement in American politics for political science majors. Prerequisite: sophomore standing. Offered every year.

Instructor: Erler

PSCI 312 AMERICAN CONSTITUTIONAL LAW

Credit: 0.5

The course explores basic issues in constitutional law relevant to the principles and problems of our liberal democracy. We begin with cases of the Marshall Court, which lay the foundations of our constitutional order, and define the role of the judiciary. But most of the course is devoted to controversial themes in our twentieth-century jurisprudence. Emphasis will be placed on recent Supreme Court decisions in the areas of equal protection of the laws, due process, the right to privacy, freedom of speech and press, religious freedom, and the separation of powers. This course can be used to complete the requirement in American politics for political science majors. Prerequisite: sophomore standing. Offered every two years.

Instructor: Erler

PSCI 313 MAKING U.S. FOREIGN POLICY

Credit: 0.5

The course analyzes how the American political system produces foreign policy decisions. In seeking to discover the domestic influences on American foreign policy, we shall examine how the original framers of the constitution intended for the policy process to proceed. We will then use case studies of American foreign policy decision-making to explore how policy actually gets formed, examining the role of various political institutions, including the president, Congress, the news media, public opinion, the bureaucracies of state and defense, and the National Security Council. Our case studies will include turning points in Cold-War American foreign policy such as the Cuban Missile Crisis and the Vietnam War as well as more current issues and events, including Bosnia, Afghanistan, and Iraq. How does a democracy make foreign policy? How does a democracy make decisions in an environment of partisan conflict and lack of consensus on the proper course of policy? This course can be used to complete the requirement in American politics for political science majors. Prerequisite: sophomore standing.

Instructor: Staff

PSCI 320 HISTORICISM

Credit: 0.5

Toward the nineteenth century, a number of thinkers began to embrace a novel idea: man does not have a fixed and enduring nature, but is the product of his times. History and culture replaced nature as the proper objects of philosophic inquiry, and eventually the possibility of philosophy itself was cast in doubt. In this course, we will examine the roots of historicism in Rousseau, Burke, and Kant, and its mature
expression in Hegel, Marx, and Nietzsche. We might also examine notable twentieth century historicists, like Collingwood and MacIntyre, and thinkers who question the basic historicist premise, like Davidson and Strauss. Prerequisite: sophomore standing. Offered every three years.

Instructor: Spiekerman

PSCI 323 POLITICS AND LITERATURE

Credit: 0.5

This course explores perennial issues of politics broadly understood, as they are treated in literature. Topics vary from year to year. Most recently the course has focused on the question of freedom and tyranny. Prerequisite: sophomore standing. Offered every two years.

Instructor: Baumann

PSCI 332 AFRICAN AMERICAN POLITICAL THOUGHT

Credit: 0.5

This course will examine the writings of African American political authors and their contribution to contemporary political theory. It will consider the issue of race in America through authors including Frederick Douglass, W.E.B. Dubois, and Ralph Ellison, along with more recent considerations of race and politics from theoretical and developmental perspectives. It will examine the role of race in defining American thought and do so in terms of broad questions about the meaning of equality, the structure of democracy, the formation of identity, the integration or disintegration of community. Satisfies departmental requirement for upper level American politics course. Course also fulfills requirements for the American Studies major and the African Diaspora Studies concentration.

PSCI 340 REVOLUTIONS

Credit: 0.5

This course provides a comparative analysis of the process of revolutionary change, covering the origins, development, and outcomes of revolutions. It will focus on two or three classic revolutions (France, Russia, or China) and one or two modern cases to be determined (e.g. the Iranian Revolution of 1979, the revolutions of 1989 in Eastern Europe, the Arab Spring of 2011). A number of theoretical issues will be addressed, including the relationship between revolutionary elites and "backward elements" such as the peasantry; the tensions between the revolutionary process and the political requirements of revolutionary states; and the role and relative importance of leadership, ideology, and structural factors in shaping the outcomes of revolutions. The question of whether social media have changed the character and potential of social revolutions will also be addressed. Prerequisite: sophomore standing. Offered every three to four years.

Instructor: Van Holde
PSCI 342 POLITICS OF DEVELOPMENT

Credit: 0.5

Alternative strategies of economic development pose the most difficult political choices for those countries of Africa, Asia, and Latin America not yet blessed by economic prosperity. This course seeks to accomplish three related goals. First, it will explore the contending theories of development that have shaped the debate about development in the past half century: modernization theory, dependency theory, theories that emphasize state-led development, and theories that seek to define sustainable development. Second, it will compare alternative strategies of development, especially as exemplified by successful (or thought-to-be successful) developing and developed countries. Third, it will consider a set of contemporary issues that complicate the efforts of countries to develop: globalization, environmental catastrophe, population growth, and human rights considerations. Throughout, the definition of development and the desirability of economic growth will be questioned. Prerequisite: sophomore standing. Offered every two years.

Instructor: Mood

PSCI 345 EUROPEAN POLITICS: THE EUROPEAN UNION

Credit: 0.5

The European Union is viewed by many as a model of international economic and political integration. The twenty-seven member states have pooled their sovereignty in a way that is unique in the history of political systems. They have not only removed barriers to trade between the countries, but they have implemented a common currency and gradually developed a common foreign and security policy. This course is designed to provide students with knowledge of the history, structure, and policymaking process of the European Union. It also is designed to provide students with an understanding of the motivations that led independent nation states to pool their sovereignty, the theoretical debates and issues surrounding integration, and the current issues and challenges facing the European Union. This course can be used to complete the upper-level comparative politics/international relations requirement for political science majors. Prerequisite: sophomore standing. Offered every four years.

Instructor: Camera-Rowe

PSCI 346 RIOTS, BALLOTS, AND RICE: COMPARATIVE ASIAN POLITICS

Credit: 0.5

This course will explore the roots and realities of the explosive changes rocking Asia today, with an eye to the politics that shape and are shaped by them. Headlines today point to human-rights violations, democratic elections, and riots against corruption and pollution amidst phenomenal economic development. We will look at the historical growth and modern development of the Chinese, Japanese, and Indian nation-states and compare their changes and challenges so as to draw larger lessons about the
processes of social and political change in a particularly vital and important region of the world. Prerequisite: sophomore standing.

Instructor: Mood

**PSCI 347 DEMOCRACY AND DEVELOPMENT IN LATIN AMERICA**

*Cred*it: 0.5

This course in contemporary Latin American politics examines the region's substantial and interconnected processes of political and economic change over the past forty years. Until quite recently, democracy was elusive in most of Latin America, and economic and human development lagged compared to most other regions of the world. Today, democracy and market-oriented, expanding economies are the norm in the region. This course explores the causes and consequences of those changes in political and economic direction. It also examines the ongoing challenges for the quality of the region's democracies, particularly in light of poverty and extreme inequality. Focus cases typically include Chile, Argentina, Mexico, Venezuela, Guatemala, and/or Brazil. Key themes include the authoritarian regimes of the mid- to late twentieth century, transitions to democratic rule, economic policy changes, human rights, political institutions, poverty and inequality, and populism. Prerequisite: sophomore standing.

Instructor: Staff

**PSCI 351 STATES, NATIONS, NATIONALISM**

*Cred*it: 0.5

This course provides an introduction to comparative political development. It focuses on two key issues in the development of the contemporary world: the rise of the modern state and the emergence of modern nationalism. By analyzing the processes of state and nation-building in selected countries, we will come to understand the means by which state power is constructed, maintained, and legitimated in political systems as varied as absolutist monarchies and modern nation-states. And by examining nationalism in a variety of historical and geographical settings, we will begin to comprehend the intriguing power and persistence of national identities in an increasingly multinational world. Although the course will be explicitly analytic and comparative in character, analysis will be supplemented as appropriate with case studies drawn from countries around the world. Prerequisite: sophomore standing. Offered every two years.

Instructor: Van Holde

**PSCI 355 IMMIGRATION, CITIZENSHIP, AND NATIONAL IDENTITY**

*Cred*it: 0.5

Migration is a worldwide phenomenon posing both opportunities and challenges for immigrants, their families, their countries of origin, and the countries to which they move. Immigration policy often inspires virulent debates over border control, national identity, admission and citizenship policies, "guest"
workers, and bilingualism. The issues raise fundamental questions about human rights, citizenship, and a political community's rights to define and defend itself. What does it mean to be an American? Who can be German? What obligations do we have to people fleeing tyranny? Fleeing poverty? The challenges are exacerbated by the facts that contemporary immigration is managed by nation-states, while migrants move in response to global economics and transnational relationships. This course deals with these issues by examining the social, economic, and political forces giving rise to immigration today; the different ways nations have chosen to define citizenship and how those rules affect immigrants; the different strategies nations have used to incorporate immigrants, ranging from multiculturalism to assimilation; attempts to control immigration and their consequences; and the implications of immigration for recipient societies. About half of the course deals with the immigration experience and controversies in the United States, particularly with respect to migration from Mexico. The other half looks at these issues in Western Europe as well as in the developing world. This course is sometimes taught with a community-based research component, depending on the instructor. Prerequisite: sophomore standing. Offered every two years.

Instructor: Staff

**PSCI 360 THE RELATIONS OF NATIONS**

*Credit: 0.5*

With the Arab Spring and the rise of China, among other things, the international order continues to transform itself. This course will examine the modern history of these transformations, using specific periods and events, like the Spanish Armada, the Congress of Vienna, and World Wars I and II, as vantage points from which to assess the changes that have taken place both in the arrangement of the international state system and the character of the states composing it. The course has two chief pedagogic aims: (1) to create a context for understanding our current situation, and (2) to learn something about what is permanent and what is variable in human beings faced with the most decisive choices. Prerequisite: sophomore standing.

Instructor: Baumann

**PSCI 361 GLOBALIZATION**

*Credit: 0.5*

Globalization has become an increasingly prominent phenomenon in contemporary politics. Some argue that globalization can generate a world of increased wealth and international peace. Others contend that globalization undermines traditional culture and generates social conflict. This course investigates the origins and nature of globalization. It explores the key actors, institutions, and processes that gave rise to and shape modern globalization; the potential benefits that globalization brings; and the sources and nature of the modern backlash against globalization. The course concludes by exploring the implications of globalization for the nation-state and international order. Prerequisite: sophomore standing. Offered every three years.
PSCI 363 GLOBAL ENVIRONMENTAL POLITICS

*Credit: 0.5*

This course covers a variety of issues in environmental politics, placing special emphasis on global problems, politics, and policy. Topics to be addressed will include population growth, consumption and consumerism, resource degradation, climate change, and energy. We also will examine environmental governance and the prospects for environmental activism in the coming century. Although the course examines environmental issues around the globe, we may focus on certain countries or regions in order to examine those issues in greater detail. Case studies and films will be used as appropriate to supplement lectures and discussions. Prerequisite: sophomore standing. Offered every year.

Instructor: Van Holde

PSCI 366 GLOBAL POVERTY, POLICY, AND POLITICS

*Credit: 0.5*

This comparative politics course examines the causes and consequences of poverty and inequality in the developing world. Topics include the conceptualization, definition, and measurement of poverty and inequality; the lived reality of urban and rural poverty around the globe; individual, structural, and governmental causes of and solutions to poverty; and the possibilities for grassroots empowerment, public policy, international organizations, philanthropy, and foreign aid to reduce poverty and inequality.

PSCI 371 WORLD WAR II

*Credit: 0.5*

This course presents a military and diplomatic history of the Second World War, focusing on the origins, conduct, and consequences of the war. The course will explain why the allies won the war and why the Axis Powers lost. It will discuss the performance of allied and enemy military forces. It will examine the possibility that the allies could have prevented the war by pursuing different policies. It will explain why the Grand Alliance of the United States, Great Britain, and the Soviet Union which defeated Nazi Germany collapsed after the war and will examine the origins of the Cold War conflict. It will look at the experience of battle for and on the men who were in the thick of the fighting. It will examine the end of the war in the Pacific theater and the use of atomic weapons by the United States to hasten that end. Prerequisite: sophomore standing. Offered every two years.

Instructor: Staff
PSCI 372 U.S. FOREIGN POLICY SINCE WORLD WAR II

Credit: 0.5

This course will analyze and evaluate, on both prudential and moral grounds, the foreign policy of the United States since World War II. Both the Cold War and the post-Cold War eras will be covered. Major topics from the Cold War era are: the causes and course of the Cold War; the various strategies developed by the United States to contain the Soviet Union; the Korean War, the Cuban Missile Crisis, and the Vietnam War; the rise and fall of detente with the Soviet Union; and why and how the Cold War ended. From the post-Cold War era, the course will cover: the first and second wars with Iraq, military intervention in Somalia, and conflicts with Serbia over Bosnia and Kosovo. The attacks on the United States on September 11, 2001, also will be discussed, along with the U.S. response--the war on terrorists who attack U.S. citizens. There will also be a discussion of the new challenges facing U.S. foreign policy in the post-Cold War world, and a comparison of the security situations facing the United States in both the Cold War and post-Cold War worlds. Prerequisite: sophomore standing. Offered every two years.

Instructor: Staff

PSCI 380 GENDER AND POLITICS

Credit: 0.5

This course will examine the participation of women in American political life. We will trace the development of feminism out of broader political and intellectual movements and consider the situation of women in American society today. We will also look at women in their roles as voters, candidates, party activists, and public officials. The ways in which gender relations are defined by public policy and law will be a focus, with particular attention given to constitutional equality, workplace and family issues, and reproductive rights. This course can be used to complete the requirement in American politics for political science majors. Prerequisite: sophomore standing.

PSCI 397 JUNIOR HONORS SEMINAR

Credit: 0.5

This seminar is intended to prepare students to undertake and successfully complete a substantial independent research project. To do so, we will read and discuss past examples of successful senior theses. Then we will consider different approaches to social science research, including close comparative, institutional, or policy analysis. We will emphasize the formulation of tractable research questions and how to define research objectives in ways likely to lead to successful research projects. Students will design a research project on a topic of their interest and complete a major paper on that theme. Students will read and critique each other's work. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Offered every year.

Instructor: Staff
PSCI 398 JUNIOR HONORS SEMINAR

Credit: 0.5

See the description for PSCI 397.

Instructor: Staff

PSCI 400 POLITICS OF JOURNALISM

Credit: 0.5

This seminar studies political journalism and its impact on American politics. Each year we focus on a different aspect of the politics of the news media in modern America. Usually, we will examine the relationship between the press and the presidency. We begin with the evolution from the Founders’ constitutional office into the modern presidency, which stresses leadership of public opinion through the press. We also trace a parallel evolution of journalism through partisanship to passive objectivity and on to a modern emphasis on scandals and adversarial stances. The seminar concentrates on the modern era of the permanent campaign, in which a personal and rhetorical president sees manipulation of the press as fundamental to the job. Presidential conduct of foreign policy in this media age will receive significant attention. Current news serves as a testing ground for the ideas advanced by scholars, journalists, and politicians. Prerequisite: junior standing and permission of instructor. Offered almost every year.

Instructor: Elliott

PSCI 421 SOCRATES SEMINAR

Credit: 0.5

This seminar will be devoted to a close reading of Plato's Gorgias, the sister dialogue of the Republic. Today, students often wonder: Why bother with Plato and his Socrates? Isn't their thought clearly outmoded? In studying the Gorgias--Plato's most sustained reflection on the human concern for justice--we will give him a chance to reply and make the case for the undiminished importance of his thought for politics and the good life. The guiding questions of the seminar will be: What is justice? Why do we care about it? And how is it related to politics and philosophy? Prerequisite: sophomore standing and permission of instructor. Offered every year.

Instructor: D. Leibowitz

PSCI 422 THUCYDIDES: WAR AND PHILOSOPHY

Credit: 0.5

This seminar will be devoted to a careful reading of Thucydides’ History of the Peloponnesian War. The themes of the course will be Thucydides’ account of international relations, the connections between foreign and domestic politics, and his account of human nature and of political morality. Prerequisite: sophomore standing. Offered every three years.
Instructor: Baumann

**PSCI 425 MACHIAVELLI AND SHAKESPEARE**

*Credit: 0.5*

In this seminar we will explore various points of contact in the respective political understandings of Machiavelli and Shakespeare. Our readings will include selections from *The Prince*, *The Discourses*, and Machiavelli’s plays, and selections among Shakespeare’s history plays, tragedies, and comedies. Prerequisite: sophomore standing. Offered every three years.

Instructor: Jensen

**PSCI 426 JOHN LOCKE’S LIBERALISM**

*Credit: 0.5*

In this seminar, we will explore the liberalism of John Locke, perhaps the most important founder of liberal democracy. Mindful of the criticisms leveled since Locke’s time against liberal democracy, we will be particularly interested in recapturing the original arguments on its behalf. We will aim to see liberalism as it came to light and to assess, insofar as is possible from Locke’s own writings, its intentions and its anticipated effects. Our readings will be drawn from Locke's works on politics, education, religion, and epistemology. Prerequisite: junior standing or permission of instructor. Offered every three years.

Instructor: Jensen

**PSCI 427 THE POLITICAL PHILOSOPHY OF MONTAIGNE**

*Credit: 0.5*

Montaigne’s *Essays*, one of the acknowledged classics of modern thought, contains a breathtaking, wide-ranging, and dialectically complex account of the human soul in its confrontation with others, with the world, and with itself. Apparently artless and off-the-cuff, the essays require the most careful reading. The course will consist of close reading of many of these essays in order to understand the position Montaigne ultimately takes on human nature and on the political implications of that position. Prerequisite: sophomore standing. Offered every three years.

Instructor: Baumann

**PSCI 428 THE POLITICAL THOUGHT OF NIETZSCHE**

*Credit: 0.5*

Nietzsche’s thought is in one sense the culmination of the tradition of political philosophy, in another its destruction, and in yet another, the chief obstacle and point of perpetual return to his successors. In this course, we will read one book, *Beyond Good and Evil*, with great care. That will help us understand the paradoxical way in which Nietzsche writes, the implications of his radical relativism for thought, culture
and politics and whether he has a political teaching at all, and if so, what kind. Prerequisite: sophomore standing.

Instructor: Baumann

**PSCI 431 AMBITION AND POLITICS**

*Credit: 0.5*

In this course we will examine the presence and rightful place of ambition in politics. We will read literature, biography, and political theory in an attempt to answer the following questions: Is the desire to rule a permanent and independent feature of political practice? Is it compatible with concern for the common good? Must ambition be limited, or somehow rendered non-dangerous? Can it be? Readings may include Homer, Xenophon, Plutarch, Machiavelli, Shakespeare, Benjamin Franklin, the *Federalist Papers*, and Bullock's *Hitler: A Study in Tyranny*. Prerequisite: sophomore standing. Offered every three years.

Instructor: Spiekerman

**PSCI 432 THE IDEA OF COMMUNITY**

*Credit: 0.5*

Political thinkers regularly claim to have discovered the community best suited to man, the just community. Yet suspicion toward the idea of community also enjoys a venerable history. Is not the individual prior to, and thus more important than, the community? Don't communities usually stifle, violate, and oppress individuals, particularly members of the minority? Individualism is so pervasive in the most advanced countries that many now wonder if we have gone too far. Has concern for the individual at the expense of the community made us selfish, disconnected, alienated, and unhappy? In this seminar we will read classic statements on the ideal community (e.g., Thomas More's *Utopia*, Rousseau's *Social Contract*, Huxley's *Brave New World*) on our way toward studying contemporary "communitarian" thinkers (e.g., Bellah, Barber, Heidegger, MacIntyre, Putnam, Sandel, Walzer). We will begin the semester by viewing Ang Lee's film *The Ice Storm* and end it by reading Hawthorne's *Blithedale Romance*, a fictional account of the socialist experiment at Brook Farm. Prerequisite: sophomore standing. Offered every three years.

Instructor: Spiekerman

**PSCI 440 SENIOR SEMINAR IN PUBLIC POLICY**

*Credit: 0.5*

This seminar brings together a political scientist and an economist to consider how these disciplines approach the study of public policy. The course will concentrate on applying both of the disciplines to the study of a selection of public policies, ranging from poverty to budget deficits or globalization. We will explore the substantive issues and the process of governmental policymaking in specific policy domains.
How is policy made? What should the policy be? The work of scholars in each discipline will be studied to better understand the differences in approaches and to consider the potential for combining them. What does political science contribute to the study of economic policymaking? What can the tools and perspective of economics contribute to the study of a topic like welfare reform or global warming? This seminar is required for students completing the Public Policy Concentration, and it is open to other seniors. Prerequisite: ECON 101, ECON 102, and one course in American politics or permission of instructor. This course is the same as ECON 440 listed in the economics curriculum. Offered every year.

Instructor: Elliott

PSCI 445 SEMINAR IN EUROPEAN POLITICS

Credit: 0.5

European governments face a number of challenges in the twenty-first century--welfare and job-market reform, immigration, right-wing party activity, and the forging of a new European identity. In this seminar, we will explore some of the major economic, social, and political issues facing European nations since the collapse of communism in 1989. The course focuses in particular on Great Britain, France, Germany, and Italy, with some attention to Sweden, the Netherlands, and the countries of Eastern Europe. Prerequisite: junior standing or permission of instructor. Offered every two years.

Instructor: Camera-Rowe

PSCI 446 THE POLITICS OF THE WELFARE STATE

Credit: 0.5

During the late nineteenth and twentieth centuries, the advanced industrialized democracies in Europe and North America set up extensive social welfare systems in order to reduce class inequalities and eliminate risks across the life cycle. These included income support, family benefits, health care, pensions, unemployment, disability insurance, and child care programs. Beginning in the 1970s, these social welfare programs faced a variety of social and economic challenges, including the aging of the population, globalization, changes in family structure, the feminization of the labor force, and deindustrialization. This has led to welfare retrenchment and restructuring. In this seminar, we examine the different welfare regimes across the United States and Europe and discuss the challenges confronting postwar welfare arrangements. We explore at the politics surrounding the creation and retrenchment of welfare states across different political settings and in specific policy areas including pensions, health care, and family policy and we look at the future of the social welfare state. Prerequisite: junior standing or permission of instructor. Offered every two years.

Instructor: Camera-Rowe
PSCI 447 INEQUALITY AND DEMOCRACY

Credit: 0.5

High levels of economic inequality are one of the most important challenges confronting liberal democracy today. The increasing concentration of wealth among society’s richest citizens contributes to the belief that economic and political outcomes are determined by the interests of a few wealthy insiders and subverts faith in liberal democracy as a public endeavor for pursuing the common good. This upper-level seminar considers the causes and implications of growing social inequality for the U.S. and other liberal democracies. This includes issues such as the tensions that arise between liberal democracy’s two fundamental claims to legitimacy: private liberty and public equality how economic outcomes shape politics and how politics shapes economic outcomes whether liberal democracies exhibit a pro-business bias and whether today’s growing social inequality threatens the long-run growth and political stability of liberal democratic states. Junior standing or above.

PSCI 460 THE ROLE OF MORALITY AND LAW IN INTERNATIONAL POLITICS

Credit: 0.5

The following issues will be examined in this seminar: the Western justified-war tradition; the concept and conduct of humanitarian military interventions; the ability of moral values to influence calculations of interest and to restrain the use of power in foreign policy; the problematic nature of justice in international politics; the ability of international laws and organizations to have a positive influence on the conduct of nations; and the impact that the United States, by far the most powerful nation in the world today, might have for good or ill on the levels of peace, prosperity, and liberty in the world. Prerequisite: sophomore standing. Offered every two years.

PSCI 461 U.S. DEFENSE STRATEGY SEMINAR

Credit: 0.5

This seminar analyzes and debates some of the main issues and choices facing the makers of U.S. defense strategy and foreign policy in the post-Cold War world. The major topics covered in the course are U.S. military interventions: Iraq in 1991; Afghanistan starting in 2001; and Iraq, again, starting in 2003. The course also analyzes and evaluates various threats to U.S. security in the unipolar world which has existed since the collapse of the Soviet superpower, especially the proliferation of nuclear weapons and terrorism. The main issue of the course is what role the United States can and should play in fostering international security. Prerequisite: sophomore standing. Offered every year.

Instructor: Staff
PSCI 462 U.S. FOREIGN POLICY AFTER THE COLD WAR

Credit: 0.5

This seminar will focus on three main issue areas in current United States foreign policy: (1) U.S. relations with China and Chinese relations with the states of central Asia, southern Asia and eastern Asia; (2) U.S.-Iranian relations, especially Iran's nuclear weapons program and Iranian support for various terrorist organizations in the Middle East; and (3) the threats posed by Islamic terrorist organizations. The course will open with a recent book on a significant aspect of U.S. foreign policy. This year that book was The Case for Goliath by Michael Mandelbaum which focuses on the role the U.S. has played since World War II to foster the expansion of a relatively open international economy, and the role the U.S. had played in building a stable and relatively peaceful community of liberal democratic nations. Prerequisite: sophomore standing. Normally offered every year.

Instructor: Staff

PSCI 464 INTERNATIONAL LAW

Credit: 0.5

This course presents an overview of the concepts, operation, genesis, and content of international law and organizations, both with respect to the international community generally and with particular reference and application to the United States. Our primary focus is public international law--those legal regimes and apparatus made by and for states and the handful of nongovernmental organizations endowed with international legal personality--We will also touch upon private international law, with respect to corporations and individuals in such areas as trade and crimes. Contemporary issues covered include the UN Convention on the Law of the Sea (UNCLOS), the law of armed conflict (LOAC), international trade, and human rights law (HRL) and emerging issues such as environmental and outer space law. This course will familiarize students with the current state of the international legal order, will situate international law among competing theoretical approaches, and will provide a toolkit for analyzing contemporary international controversies.

Instructor: Karako

PSCI 465 INTERNATIONAL TERRORISM

Credit: 0.5

This course explores the causes and consequences of international terrorism. It examines how terrorists use violence to shape identities and achieve social change; the grievances that give rise to modern terrorism; the goals of modern terrorist groups such as al Qaeda; and the potential for "catastrophic terrorism" using weapons of mass destruction. The final segment of the course explores the complex
issues raised by the terrorist challenge to liberal democratic states and the rule of law. Prerequisite: junior standing. Offered every two years.

Instructor: Staff

**PSCI 466 NATIONAL SECURITY LAW**

*Credit: 0.5*

Cicero is credited with saying that the laws are silent during war. But military commanders today often go nowhere without legal counsel at their side. A growing apparatus of international and domestic law now shapes and regulates America’s foreign relations and military operations to a remarkable degree—from high politics of diplomacy to rules of engagement for a young soldier stationed at a checkpoint in Afghanistan. Perennial issues include how the American separation of powers affects the authority to initiate hostilities, balancing security with civil liberties, the status of international law in U.S. courts, government secrecy. This course will highlight current and emerging controversies, such as terrorism and the law of armed conflict, drones and targeted killing, extraordinary rendition, interrogation and torture, military commissions, intelligence gathering, enemy combatant detention, and cyber-attack. Prerequisite: junior standing. Offered every two years.

Instructor: Karako

**PSCI 470 POWER, STATES, AND MARKETS: THE MAKING OF MODERN SOCIAL ORDER**

*Credit: 0.5*

This seminar explores the complex and dynamic relations between the state and market, the two most pervasive institutions that structure modern social life. We will examine issues such as the role of state violence in constructing political and economic order, the political foundations of markets, how warfare led to the emergence of modern states and global capitalism, the political sources of economic growth and decline, and how markets can undermine states and social order. The seminar will read scholars from a diverse array of disciplines, including political science, economics, history, and sociology, and will draw on a wide range empirical materials, ranging from medieval Europe and colonial Africa to modern Africa and the advanced industrial states. Prerequisite: junior standing or permission of instructor. Offered every two years.

Instructor: Rowe

**PSCI 475 CHINA IN THE WORLD**

*Credit: 0.5*

This seminar explores the People’s Republic of China from a political science perspective, focusing on enduring historical and political issues as well as current challenges. Topics to be covered will include challenges of China’s twentieth-century nation-building and economic development (revolution and independence; Mao’s China vs. Reform China), contemporary regional and global foreign relations, and
the challenges of twenty-first-century development. This latter includes a broad range of institutional and policy change (such as marketization, globalization, civil freedoms, elections, and citizenship) as well as outcomes from these changes (protests, censorship, inequality, pollution, urban sprawl, consumerism, rural-urban divide). Topics will remain flexible to respond to the rise of current issues, such as minorities, cyber-security, maritime borders, intellectuals, dissidents, etc. The course is organized as a seminar, with a high level of student engagement, including weekly student-run discussion. A substantial research project is required as well as an oral presentation. Prerequisite: sophomore standing. Offered every three years.

Instructor: Mood

**PSCI 480 SCIENCE AND POLITICS**

*Credit: 0.5*

This seminar examines the relationship of science and politics from early modernity to the present, and considers the probable course and character of that relationship in the future. Topics to be considered include Galileo’s conflict with the Church, the theory of evolution, social Darwinism, and the origins and implications of nuclear weapons research. We will also examine a number of contemporary controversies at the intersection of science and politics, including genetic testing and therapy, intelligence testing and the IQ debates, climate change, and the debates surrounding the science and politics of AIDS. Issues such as the value neutrality of science, the politics of risk assessment, and the proper role of scientists in shaping policy also will be examined. Prerequisite: junior standing or permission of instructor. Offered every three to four years.

Instructor: Van Holde

**PSCI 483 THE POLITICAL PHILOSOPHY OF ROUSSEAU**

*Credit: 0.5*

In this seminar we will examine *Emile*, which Rousseau considered to be his most important and most comprehensive work—in brief, as the reply, point to point, to Plato’s *Republic*. Whereas Plato became famous for presenting an imaginary city, Rousseau presents an imaginary soul or person; his philosophical novel covers the education of Emile from birth until just after marriage. Our discussion will conform to the scope of the themes of the book: nature, economics, morality, religion, sexuality, aesthetics, and politics. Prerequisite: junior standing. Offered every two years.

Instructor: Jensen

**PSCI 493 INDIVIDUAL STUDY**

*Credit: 0.5*

Individual study in political science is available to students who want to pursue a course of reading or complete a focused research project on a topic not regularly offered in the department’s curriculum. To enroll, a student must prepare a proposal in consultation with a member of the political science faculty
who has suitable expertise and is willing to work with the student over the course of a semester. The proposal should include: a statement of the questions the student plans to explore, a preliminary bibliography, a schedule of assignments, a schedule of meetings with the faculty member, and a description of the elements that will be factored into the course grade. The student should also briefly describe any prior coursework that particularly qualifies him or her to pursue the project independently. The department chair must approve the proposal. The department expects the student to meet regularly with the instructor for at least the equivalent of one hour per week. Reading assignments will vary depending on the topic but should approximate a regular departmental course in that field. Students should expect to write at least thirty pages over the course of the semester, for an individual study bearing .5 unit of credit. The department urges students to begin planning a proposed individual study the semester before they hope to undertake it, by discussing it with the supervising faculty member and the department chair. The chair must receive proposals by the third day of classes.

**PSCI 497Y SENIOR HONORS**

*Credit: 0.5*

The senior honors candidate works with two members of the department to prepare a major essay on a topic of his or her choice, which is then defended before an outside examiner in May. Prerequisite: permission of department chair.

**PSCI 498Y SENIOR HONORS**

*Credit: 0.5*

This course is a continuation of 497Y. Prerequisite: permission of department chair.